## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE AT WINCHESTER Jan 74 3 36 PM '07

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	)	Case No. 4:01 (CR-61).  Mag. No. 02-016M
v.	)	3YDEP. CLERK
TYSON FOODS, INC.	)	EDGAR/CARTER
ROBERT HASH	j	
GERALD LANKFORD	)	
KEITH SNYDER	)	
TRULEY PONDER	j j	
SPENCER MABE	)	
JIMMY ROWLAND	Ś	

## **DISCOVERY AND SCHEDULING ORDER**

If the parties in this action have not already done so, they shall by May 22, 2002 confer and the following shall be accomplished:

- A. Upon request of the defendant, the government shall permit the defendant to inspect and copy the following items or copies thereof, or supply copies thereof, which are within the possession, custody or control of the government, the existence of which is known or by the exercise of due diligence may become known to the attorney for the government:
  - 1. Any relevant written or recorded statements made by the defendant.
  - 2. The defendant's arrest and conviction record.
  - 3. Results or reports of physical or mental examinations, and of scientific tests, including, without limitation, any handwriting analysis or experiments, which are material to the preparation of the defense or are intended for use by the government as evidence in chief at the trial.
- B. Upon request of the defendant, the government shall permit the defendant to inspect and copy the following items or copies thereof, or supply copies thereof, which are within the possession, custody or control of the government, or the existence of which is known or by the exercise of due diligence may become known to the government:

- 1. The substance of any oral statement made by the defendant before or after his arrest in response to interrogation by a then known to be government agent which the government intends to offer in evidence at trial.
- 2. Recorded grand jury testimony of the defendant relating to the offenses charged.
- 3. Books, papers, documents, photographs, tangible objects, buildings or places which the government intends to use as evidence at trial to prove its case in chief, or were obtained from or belong to each defendant.
- C. Upon receipt by a defendant of materials in A(3) or B(3) from the government, the defendant shall permit the government to inspect and copy the following items, or copies thereof, or supply copies thereof, which are within the possession, custody or control of the defendant, the existence of which is known or by the exercise of due diligence may become known to the defendant:
  - 1. Books, papers, documents, photographs or tangible objects which each defendant intends to introduce as evidence in chief at trial.
  - 2. Any results or reports of physical or mental examinations and of scientific tests or experiments made in connection with this case which the defendant intends to introduce as evidence in chief at trial, or which were prepared by a defense witness who will testify concerning the contends thereof.
- D. Upon request of the defendant, the government shall disclose to the defendant a written summary of all expert testimony the government intends to use. This summary shall describe the witnesses' opinions, the bases and reasons therefor, and the witnesses' qualifications.
- E. If a defendant intends to rely upon the defense of insanity at the time of the alleged crime, or intends to introduce expert testimony relating to a mental disease, defect or other condition bearing upon the issue of whether he had the mental state required for the offense charged, he shall give written notice thereof to the government. This notice shall be given within twenty (20) days of the entry of this order.

- F. The government shall obtain the record of prior convictions of any alleged informant who will testify for the government at trial so that the record will be available to the defendant at trial
- G. The government shall state whether the defendant was identified in any lineup, showup, photo spread or similar identification proceeding, and produce any pictures utilized or resulting therefrom.
- H. The government shall advise its agents and officers involved in this case to preserve all rough notes.
- I. Upon request, the government shall advise the defendant of the general nature of any evidence it intends to offer a trial under Rule 404(b), Federal Rules of Evidence.
- J. The government shall state whether the defendant was an aggrieved person, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2510(11) of any electronic surveillance, and if so, shall set forth in detail the circumstances thereof.
- K. Upon request, the government shall provide the defense, for independent expert examination, copies of all latent fingerprints or palm prints which have been identified by a government expert as those of the defendant.
- L. The parties shall make every possible effort in good faith to stipulate all facts or points of law, the truth and existence of which is not contested and the early resolution of which will expedite the trial.
- M. The parties shall collaborate in preparation of a written statement to be signed by counsel for each side, generally describing all discovery material exchanged, and setting forth all stipulations entered into at the conference. No stipulation made by defense counsel at the conference shall be used against the defendant t unless the stipulation is reduced to writing and signed by the defendant and his counsel.
- N. All tapes and transcripts shall be provided to defendants by February 28, 2002.

The government shall reveal to the defendant and permit inspection and copying of all information and material known to the government which may be favorable to the defendant on the issues of guilt or punishment within the scope of <u>Brady v. Maryland</u>, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), <u>United States v. Agurs</u>, 427 U.S. 97 (1976) (exculpatory evidence), and <u>United States v. Bagley</u>,

473 U.S. 667 (1985) (impeachment evidence). Timing of such disclosure is governed by <u>United</u>

States v. Presser, 844 F.2d 1275 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1988).

It shall be the continuing duty of counsel for both sides to immediately reveal to opposing counsel all newly discovered information or other material within the scope of this order.

Upon a sufficient showing, the Court may at any time, upon motion properly filed, order that the discovery or inspection provided for by this order be denied, restricted or deferred, or make such other order as is appropriate. It is expected by the Court, however, that counsel for both sides shall make every good faith effort to comply with the letter and spirit of this order.

All scheduling deadline dates, including trial, final pretrial, plea bargain, motion and jury instruction will be set out in a separate scheduling order. The trial will be held in Chattanooga, Tennessee.

One principal purpose of this discovery order is to avoid the necessity of counsel for the defendant(s) filing routine motions for routine discovery. Accordingly, counsel for the defendant(s) shall make a request of the government for each item of discovery sought and be declined the same prior to the filing of any motion. Further, any motion filed on behalf of the defendant(s) shall include an accompanying certification by counsel for the defendant(s) that either:

(1) The item of discovery sought in the motion is not included in or covered by this discovery order; that a formal request for the item <u>has</u> been made to the government, and the government has <u>declined</u> the request, or

(2) The item of discovery sought in the motion <u>is</u> included in or covered by this discovery order; that a formal request for the item <u>has been made</u> to the government, and the government has <u>declined</u> the request.

Sanctions may be imposed for failure to follow this procedure.

SO ORDERED.

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE